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effort to eradicate the same from Texas before it becomes permanently established.

Aschersonia cubensis, a fungus parasite of scale insects, has recently been found infecting the Magnolia Scale (*Toumeyella liriodendri*) at Gainesville, Fla., and the Palm, or Tessellated Scale (*Eucalymnatus tessellatus*), on *Tabernaemontana*, at Oneco, Fla. At the former place the scale has been almost eradicated. This fungus has apparently not previously been identified in Florida although probably quite common.

—E. W. B.

SUMMER MEETINGS

The June Meeting. On the 18th the members met in Dr. Davis' lecture room as usual, but there was such a large number of visitors present, mostly students in the Summer School, that the society adjourned, upon invitation from Dr. Flint, to the Chemical Lecture room. Here Mr. C. E. Wilson gave the paper of the meeting. We print it, in part, in this issue. Mr. Watson exhibited moths of the True Army Worm (*Heliothrips unipuncta*, Haw). This is the first definite record of the presence of this insect in Florida. It is surely comparatively rare here altho abundant further north. It should not be confused with the Fall Army Worm (*Laphygma frugiperda*).

At the meeting of the Society in July, Dr. E. W. Berger gave a lecture, illustrated by lantern slides, on the housefly, setting forth the dangers of this apparently harmless insect to the health of the individual and the community. Its breeding places, such as manure, privies, and masses of decaying filth, should be cleaned up or kept screened to keep off the flies. Kitchens, dining rooms, and places where food is kept should of course be screened.

Because a large number of our members were to be out of the city at that time it was voted to dispense with the August and September meetings.

BEE

The bee is enclosed, and shines preserved, in a tear of the sisters of Phaeton, so that it seems enshrined in its own nectar. It has obtained a worthy reward for its great toils; we may suppose that the bee itself would have desired such a death.

(*Martial—Epigrams, Bk. IV, Ep. 32.*)